

SIGNS OF A RACKET

The Behring Sea Case Takes on a Serious Aspect.

UNCLE SAM FEELS INSULTED

Callahan's Refusal to Renew the Modus Vivendi Looked Upon as an Insult to Uncle Sam.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—The Behring sea situation still continues to be the chief topic of gossip. The return of the president seems to be accepted as an indication that a firm stand will be maintained. The matter is generally regarded as very serious and no predictions are made as to the outcome.

Regarded as an Insult.

The action of Lord Salisbury in refusing to renew the modus vivendi, while at the same time approving the treaty of arbitration, is considered in the nature of a direct insult, and his suggestion that a closed zone be observed around the Pribyloff islands is regarded as a mere quibble. It is generally regarded that to submit the whole matter to arbitration and leave the sea entirely open to fishers for a whole season would be absurd on the face of it, inasmuch as by the time the question came to be settled there would be literally nothing left to arbitrate, for the reason that there would be no seals extant. An open season, as proposed, it is thought would mean the utter annihilation of the species.

To Uphold American Rights.

The situation will be passed on at the regular meeting of the cabinet Tuesday. There need be no fear that the policy followed will be lacking in vigor or will fail to uphold American rights. Intimations have been received that Lord Salisbury did not fully estimate the irritation his refusal to renew the modus vivendi would cause. It has been hinted that Minister Lincoln has received information in the nature of an "explanation" of just what the British foreign office meant by the suggestion of a 50-mile limit around the Pribyloff islands.

The Canadians who have fostered the seal-poaching industry are plainly hopeful that they will get another season's unrestricted poaching. In this they are badly mistaken. Unless the modus vivendi is renewed by the British government the arbitration treaty will not be ratified by the senate. The treaty may be sent in by the president with a recommendation for an amendment requiring the repeal of the modus vivendi. If Great Britain is not willing to consent to this, then the United States will undertake the protection of the seals alone and will not on the assumption that its jurisdiction is complete.

May Hood Here Was Ships.

The navy department had almost concluded that the Mohican, in connection with the revenue cutter Corwin, Fish and Bear would be sufficient for this year's police duty, but it is now feared that something more than police duty will be necessary. Naval officers have been consulting together a good deal as to what will be expected of the navy in the light of Lord Salisbury's new attitude. The naval officials fully expect instructions that will necessitate the presence of nearly all of the Pacific fleet in the Behring sea.

Tories Talk Fight.

LONDON, March 7.—The Tories profess to be patriotically stirred up over the American comments on the Behring sea matter. They are so terribly in the dumps over the defeat in the county council elections and the fact that Balfour is making in the house of commons that they gladly turn to any foreign issue that may divert public action from their home record of humiliation. The public generally care very little for the Behring sea issue. The opinion of the lower and most of the middle class is with the Americans, or at least favorable to a calm and reasonable treatment of this question. The Tories, however, are so desperate that a collision between the American and English navies would not be unwelcome, and there is a current rumor that the British squadron in the Pacific is instructed not to go out of its way to avoid the Americans.

The Tory St. James' Gazette says in a blistering editorial that the captains of the American squadron in the Pacific will have to be cautious in exercising the orders of their government, as otherwise they may find to their cost that another Pacific squadron will have to be reckoned with. The Globe, also a Tory organ, comments on the situation with less exhibition of temper.

The Liberal Press.

The Liberal papers discuss the question as one for entirely peaceful settlement and of giving no real occasion for any anxiety. This is also the general tone in liberal circles. In the meantime there is a widespread belief that orders of an aggressive character have been sent to the British Pacific squadron.

HENRY & CARPENTER DEAD.

He Had a National Reputation Among Great Shippers and Elevator Men.

JOLIET, Ill., March 7.—Henry & Carpenter, consequently known as the carrying of the west, died here at Saturday from softening of the brain, aged 40 years. Deceased had a European as well as an American reputation, shipping annually 12,000,000 bushels of grain. He shipped the first grain from Joliet over the Rock Island and Michigan Central to the eastern markets in the fifties and had erected twelve elevator warehouses in the district.

Stricken with Apoplexy.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—John W. Kendall, member of congress from the fourth district of Kentucky, is lying unconscious at his residence in this city, probably at the point of death, from two strokes of apoplexy received, the first at 5 o'clock a. m. and the other two hours later. Mr. Kendall is 55 years of age, and is serving his first congressional term.

Boatmen and Firemen Killed.

ROCKVILLE, Md., March 7.—Saturday night an extra engine running east plowed a wreck-bound train from Baltimore at the end of the double track here, killing a brakeman named Theodore and a fireman named Rockwell, of the extra east engine.

Shot in Killing.

BOSTON, March 7.—Re-Senator Hale was in Boston Sunday, and to a reporter had a word to say about his campaign for the presidency.

aidacy for the presidency. He declares that he is not a candidate, but that he is willing that his name should be used at the convention if his friends so please.

BLOODY FIGHT IN KENTUCKY.

Negroes Attack a Party of White Men and Four of the Former Are Dead.

EDMONTON, Ky., March 7.—News has just been received of a bloody fight which took place at Clark's cross roads, 5 miles east of this place, between a party of twelve wagoners (white) on one side and eleven negro farm hands on the other, in which four of the negroes were killed and three or four wounded and two of the wagoners seriously hurt. One of the wagoners, while passing along the road, struck a negro with his whip and cursed him. The negro gathered ten of his friends together and started for a distillery where the wagoners had a habit of stopping. When they arrived at the distillery all of the wagoners were inside of the house purchasing whiskey, except two. These the negroes set upon with rocks and clubs and would have made short work of them but for the timely appearance of the ten others, who sprang among them and in a short time shot and killed four and wounded three or four others, two of whom, it is said, cannot recover. The sheriff and a posse have gone to the scene of the trouble.

EDWARDS PIERREPONT DEAD.

Grant's Attorney General Expires at His Home in New York—His Career.

NEW YORK, March 7.—Edwards Pierrepont died at 8:30 o'clock Saturday morning at his home, 105 Fifth avenue, after an illness of four days. During the last two years and a half he had been an invalid and had suffered considerably during that time from nervous prostration.

[Edwards Pierrepont was born in North Haven, Conn., March 4, 1816. He entered Yale college and was graduated with the class of 1837 with high honor. Immediately after graduation he began to practice law at Columbus, O., with P. C. Wilson, where he continued until 1840, when he came to New York. Upon the death of Chief Justice G. Oakley he was elected a judge of the superior court. He was active in organizing the union defense committee, among the other members of which were John A. Dix, Hamilton Fish, A. T. Stewart and many other prominent citizens. He was appointed United States minister to Russia in 1870, but declined the honor, and in April, 1871, he was appointed attorney general of the United States and remained in Gen. Grant's cabinet until May, 1876, when he was appointed United States minister to England.]

FEEDING THE STARVING.

Food Distributed in Vienna to the Families of the Unemployed.

VIENNA, March 7.—On Saturday another extensive distribution of food to the destitute was made here. Twelve thousand loaves of bread were distributed from four different stations, along with a quantity of meat, sausages and milk. It was touching to see the procession of applicants in which there were hundreds of children, from the age of 3 upward, many clothed only so far as to have a handkerchief about the loins and about the neck. With bony fingers they seized on the food and showed their gratitude in their eyes. After a weary wait in the snow twenty-seven women fainted. Twenty young men carried out the work of distribution. They kept order by kind words and looks alone. They depend solely upon the money sent from the papers, mainly the New Free Press, the mayor's fund being held for more systematic relief.

FLIGHT OF A BANKER.

A Mount Pleasant Financier Departs in a Very Mysterious Manner.

MOUNT PLEASANT, Pa., March 7.—Hugo Kall, president and owner of the Slavinsky bank and general steamship agent, is missing. The Slavs and Huns of this region have been depositing their savings with him, and he is said to have \$5,000 of their money in his possession. When the announcement was made that Kall was not in town a crowd of angry foreigners surrounded the bank and threatened to break down the door. They were only prevented from carrying out their threats by the police.

Barillas Flies Up a Fortune.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 7.—H. Scott, a wealthy coffee planter of Guatemala, who just arrived from there, says the report that Barillas hasn't made a fortune during his six years in the presidency of Guatemala is absurd. He has cleared at least \$1,000,000 there. His fortune is estimated by good judges at \$10,000,000. Most of this he has already sent to Europe, and he has been mortgaging his real estate and personal property, so he expects to leave almost immediately for England. What his opportunities were for making money may be seen from the fact that the coffee planters alone paid him \$500,000 yearly.

No Special Session.

OMAHA, Neb., March 7.—Gov. Boyd has made public his intention not to call a special session of the legislature, giving as his reason the expense and the fact that the majority of the legislature opposed it, and that it would be unconstitutional to redistrict the state.

A Million for Somebody.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—The bureau of the American republics is informed that the legislature of British Guiana has placed \$1,000,000 at the disposal of the government of that colony as a subsidy to secure the construction of a line of railway from Demerara river to the Essequibo.

The Second Curtis Trial.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 7.—The writing of a date of a second trial of M. R. Curtis, charged with killing Officer Grant, September 11, came up in Judge Trowell's court Saturday and was continued for two weeks.

Killed by an Explosion.

WHEELING, W. Va., March 7.—Edward Erickson and Frank Savage, while heating water to wash their clothes, were accidentally killed by the explosion of an apparently empty glycerine can.

Gold Going to Europe.

NEW YORK, March 7.—Gold coin to the amount of \$200,000 has been ordered for shipment to Europe Tuesday. Total ordered since February 15, \$5,514,191.

Roads to the Conventions.

CHICAGO, March 7.—The Western Passenger association roads have agreed to a rate of one fare for the round trip from all points to the national democratic convention to be held in Chicago and the republican convention to Minneapolis.

DIED IN HIS FOLLY

Yokohama Has a Mate to the Deacon Tragedy.

HETHERINGTON'S VENGEANCE

A United States Naval Officer Kills a Banker Who Had Been Too Attentive to His Wife.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 7.—George Gower Robinson, a well-known resident of Yokohama, Japan, was shot and killed February 13 by Lieut. J. H. Hetherington, of the United States steamship Marion. The latter was jealous of Robinson's attentions to Mrs. Hetherington. The lieutenant surrendered himself and is confined aboard the Marion. Hetherington is a member of a well-known Iowa family, and was appointed from that state to the naval academy at Annapolis in 1874. He was promoted to a lieutenant in 1890. He is about twelve years older than his wife. Robinson was a young banker. He was born in Yokohama and educated in England.

Warned by the Husband.

Some time ago he began paying attentions to Mrs. Hetherington and was so devoted that their intimacy became the gossip of the town. Hetherington told Robinson that he must refrain from seeing Mrs. Hetherington and that he had better leave town. Robinson promised to obey and went away. In two days he returned and became more devoted than ever to Mrs. Hetherington.

Shot Down.

The evening of February 13 Robinson with a friend named Pars was out driving when some one on the road called out for him to stop. Robinson pulled up his team, when immediately two shots were fired. The first one missed, but the second took effect in Robinson's groin and he fell out of the buggy. Pars also jumped out and seized Hetherington, who had done the shooting. He soon released the naval officer, who walked away, followed by Robinson's native servant, who pointed the shooter out to the police. Hetherington was arrested and placed in jail. Robinson died soon after the shooting. Robinson on his deathbed denied that he had been criminally intimate with her, and said they had merely been carrying on a flirtation.

A Native of Iowa.

DUBUQUE, Ia., March 7.—The telegram from San Francisco announcing the killing of a prominent citizen of Yokohama by Lieut. J. H. Hetherington, of the United States warship Marion of the Asiatic Squadron, created a sensation here. Lieut. Hetherington is a native of Dubuque. He entered the naval academy at Annapolis in 1874, graduated with high honors in 1878, was at once assigned to duty and has been in active service ever since. Three years ago he married a Miss Hughes, of Wilmington, Del.

THEY DIED TOGETHER.

Artist Montague Kills His Wife and Himself in Washington.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Two shots fired simultaneously in a room occupied by Fernleigh Montague, an artist, and his wife, startled the occupants of the house 518 Fourth street, northeast, Sunday. The door was forced open by an officer, when husband and wife were found lying on the bed dead. From their position the woman had evidently allowed her husband to place the pistol to her mouth and fire. Then he turned the bloody weapon to his own mouth, fired and dropped back on the pillow dead. Despondency, the result of long and painful illness, was undoubtedly the cause of the deed, but the reason for the wife's consenting to the rash act is a mystery. A theory is advanced that she worshiped the man to that extent that she was willing to die with him, and another is that, having waited upon him so long and being herself worn out, she too became despondent and preferred to die.

MURDERED HIS BROTHER.

The Victim Had Killed Another Brother Two Years Before.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 7.—Near Mount Vernon Saturday evening Emmett Snodgrass, town marshal, was shot and killed by his brother, Isaac Snodgrass. It was the result of Emmett having killed his brother, "Squire" Snodgrass, some two years ago. Emmett Snodgrass in 1878 killed James Bethurum. The quarrel leading up to the killing of Bethurum began in 1875, when Andy Cummins, a brother-in-law of Bethurum, with three other men charged with various crimes from burglary to murder, were taken by a mob from the Mount Vernon jail and hanged to one of the old gallows west of the town. Snodgrass was finally acquitted for this killing but left the state, going to Joliet, Ill., where he killed a negro who failed to get off the end of Snodgrass' wagon when commanded.

CINCINNATI REVIVAL ENDED.

After Six Weeks' Successful Labors the Movement Closes.

CINCINNATI, March 7.—The great religious movement in this city, which was inaugurated six weeks ago under the leadership of Rev. R. Fay Mills, came to a close Sunday night. The services have been attended by vast audiences from the beginning, and the result has exceeded the most sanguine expectations. Music hall was crowded to its utmost capacity in the afternoon and at night, fully 25,000 people availing themselves of the last opportunity to hear Mr. Mills.

Detained a Fellow Patient.

CHICAGO, March 7.—Dr. Henry M. Meulder, accused of the murder of Mrs. F. H. Dunton, his mother-in-law, attempted to kill a fellow patient in the detention hospital Sunday afternoon. The two patients had been tramping through the corridor as they had done all day. Dr. Meulder entered his cell, grasped a chair, and as his victim passed the cell door hit him on the head with it. Before he could repeat the blow the attendants came to the rescue, and after a fierce struggle the doctor was overpowered and placed in irons. He accused his fellow patient of being in league with his wife to convict him of murder.

Politely Struck by a Woman.

NEW YORK, March 7.—William McGlen was fatally stabbed Sunday night by Mary Himpler in Brooklyn. The

two were visiting the house of Mrs. Mary Wiegand, where it is said a quarrel began. Miss Himpler seized a knife and drove the blade through McGlen's breast. The injured man was taken to a hospital, where he died shortly after his arrival. Miss Himpler, who is 23 years old, was arrested. She refuses to make a statement.

Two Men Asphyxiated.

CHICAGO, March 7.—Ludwig Blimeier and Felix Green were found dead in bed at Spangler's livery stable on Fourteenth street Sunday morning. The gas jet was turned on full and the two men met death together by asphyxiation. Whether it was accidental or suicide is not known, but in all probability it was the former, as the thumb-piece of the gas jet is so loose that it can readily be turned either way by a slight touch.

"On with the Dance."

ST. LOUIS, March 7.—At 7:45 o'clock Sunday night William Barrand, a fairly well-dressed stranger from Chicago, was killed in Cuddy Mack's variety divs, 1015 North Broadway, in the presence of forty people. Three shots were fired, killing Barrand instantly. His body was dragged out of the way and the dancing was resumed. Police are looking for McGillicuddy, the proprietor, and John Tracy.

Killed by the Cars.

WILMINGTON, Del., March 7.—The bodies of two men were found along the Philadelphia, Wilmington & Baltimore railroad near the city Saturday evening, lying close together. They had evidently been struck by a train and instantly killed. One of them was identified by papers in his pocket as John Keller, of Brooklyn.

Part of a \$200,000.00 Estate.

JANESVILLE, Wis., March 7.—Mrs. W. H. Conklin has received good news from Europe. When her great-grandfather died in France he left an estate now worth \$200,000.00. There are forty heirs to this and attorneys were sent abroad several years ago to work upon the case. Mrs. Conklin, who is now in Rockford, has just received word from the lawyers that she will soon get \$5,000.00. Her husband is an expressman.

Frozen to Death Near a Crowded Street.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 7.—The body of a woman, which has been identified as that of Mrs. Mary Bourne, a tenant of the Barker block on Seneca street, was found frozen stiff in Booth alley, 30 feet from Michigan street, a busy thoroughfare. There were no marks of violence on the body. She had evidently lain where she fell, for the warmth of her body had melted the ice which had frozen up around her.

Discussing the Palmer Idea.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—The house committee on the election of president and vice president have determined to have a joint conference with the senate committee on privileges and elections for the purpose of considering the various measures that have been introduced changing the tenure of the presidential office and naming a later day for the inauguration.

John T. Childster Dead.

CANDELL, Ark., March 7.—John T. Childster, known as the country over as the original overland mail-carrier, died at his residence in this city Sunday morning of old age. In ante-bellum days and for a long time after the war Childster held government contracts for carrying the mails over the greater portion of the southern states.

Tybee Beach Hotels Burned.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 7.—The Ocean and Beach hotels and three cottages at Tybee Beach, 30 miles from Savannah, burned Sunday night. Estimated loss, \$40,000; insurance unknown. The fire started in the Beach hotel and is believed to have been of incendiary origin.

In Honor of Minister Reid.

PARIA, March 7.—The farewell banquet to Mr. Reid, the retiring United States minister, has been fixed for March 24, and will be held in the salle de fete of the Hotel Continent. The American banker, Mr. Harjes, will preside. The farewell address, engrossed on parchment, will be read by Consul General King.

Good Crops Expected in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 7.—It is estimated that a larger acreage has been sown to wheat in this state than ever before, and the present outlook is for the largest crop in the history of the state. Apricot, peach, almond and prune trees are in full blossom, and the crop of apricots and cherries promises from the present outlook to be two weeks earlier than usual.

Heating Apparatus Explodes.

MINNEAPOLIS, Kan., March 7.—The heating apparatus in a car on the Santa Fe road exploded here Saturday, and Almon Richards and Alexander Erickson were killed and five others were badly injured.

Five Reported Killed.

ST. LOUIS, March 7.—A freight train wreck occurred on the Missouri Pacific at Ewing avenue, in the western suburb of this city. Five men are reported killed and several injured.

Springer Is Better.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Dr. Vincent, Representative, Springer's physician, said that the patient had passed a comparatively comfortable night and was better now.

Stock Cremated.

NOBLESVILLE, Ind., March 7.—The barn of James Haverstick, near here, was burned, together with contents, including eighteen milch cows and eight horses.

Chloral — the

Chloral — the most powerful of all blood-purifiers and all blood-taints. Dr. Paro's Chloral — a medical discovery parishes and cures the blood, cleanses the system of all impurities, and restores health and strength. It cures all diseases arising from impure blood. Consumption is one of them. It's deeply lung-acting. In all its earlier stages, the "Discovery" effects a cure. It's easy to see why. The medicine that restores circulation in one part, is the best remedy for it in another. It is the best. It's warranted. It's the only blood and lung remedy that's guaranteed to benefit or cure, or the money will be refunded. No other medicine of its class does it. How many would be left if they did!

It's the cheapest blood-purifier, sold through druggists, (no matter how many doses are ordered for a dollar.) Because you only pay for the good you get.

That's the kind of medicine to try. Your money is returned if a doctor's honor can't cure you.

Can you get more?

Dr. Paro's Chloral.

TO THE PUBLIC

We were obliged to close the doors of our store at 9:30 yesterday morning and refuse admittance to thousands who were anxiously awaiting their opportunity to buy from the Vossers stock. To those who were turned away we wish to express our regret, and to all others we would say that we have enough for everybody.

The sale is not for one day, but will continue right along until the goods are all closed out. The impatience of everyone to get a share of this unprecedented offer is excuse for the crowds and jams that came hours before the store opened. We will see that all are cared for as fast as it is possible for 200 clerks to do it.



Springer's